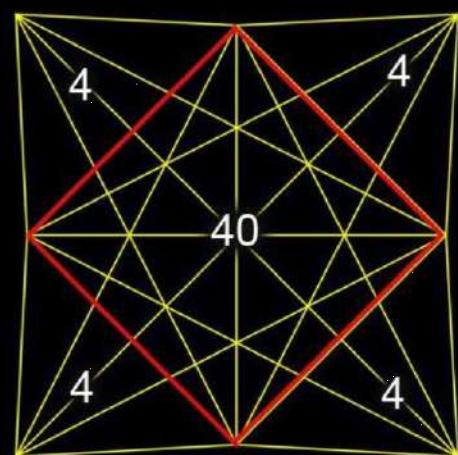
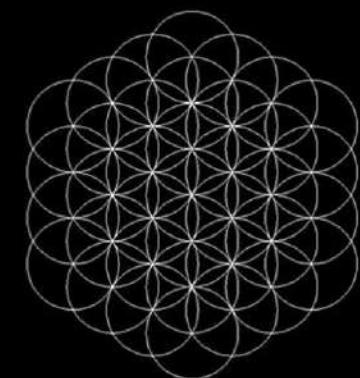
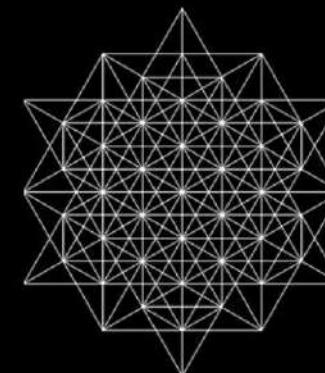
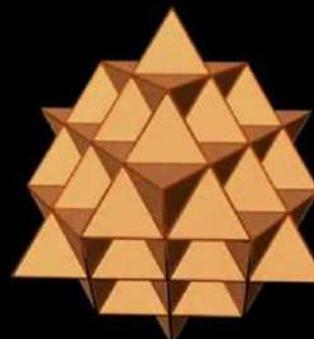


Each side of the Great Pyramid is concave
which gives us a total of 8 faces



Connecting the 8 nodes of the base
produces 56 separate polygons
Plus the Great Pyramid's 8 sides
gives us a total of 64 polygons



The 64 Tetrahedron grid is the fundamental geometry of the Universe
A sphere around each tetrahedron projects a Flower of Life in 2D
At its center exists the cuboctahedron / vector equilibrium
And the spaces inside form octahedrons (2 pyramids base to base)

Forbidden City, China Foo Dogs Guarding Knowledge



Solution to packing spherical
planck-scale vacuum fluctuations
proving proton is holographic - quantum gravity

QUANTUM GRAVITY AND THE HOLOGRAPHIC MASS



$$\eta = \frac{A_p}{A_{\ell c}} = 10^{40}$$

Proton

A 3D diagram of a sphere representing a proton. The sphere is covered in a grid pattern. A blue triangular region on the surface is labeled 'Proton'. A small circle on the surface is labeled '10^-13 cm'.

$$R = \frac{V_p}{V_{\ell s}} = 10^{60}$$

$$2\frac{\eta}{R}m_e = 1.6714213 \times 10^{-24} \text{ gm}$$

Within $0.0012 \times 10^{-24} \text{ gm}$ of CODATA

/r/holofractal



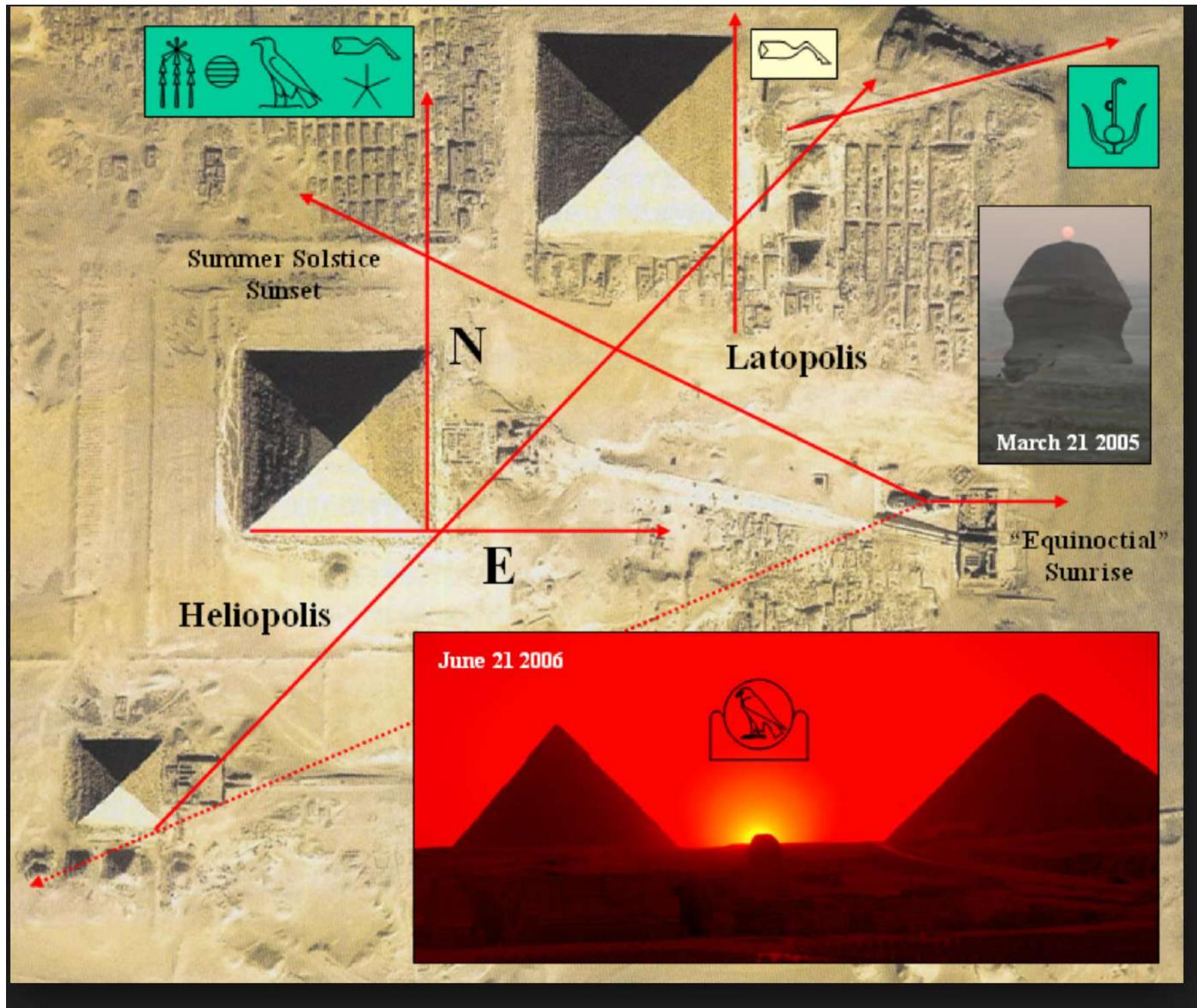
So now you could define scales as dimensions.

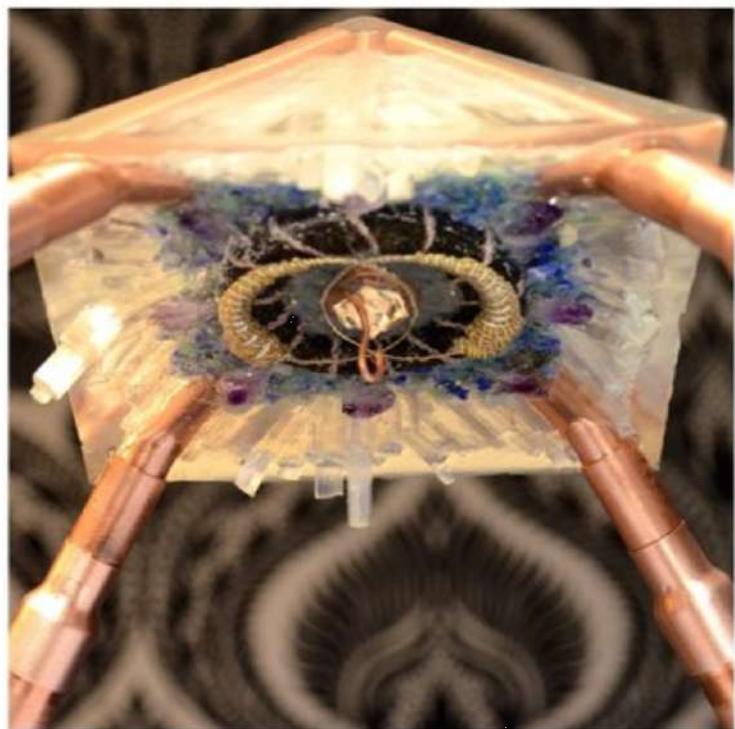
LIVE WITH
NASSIM

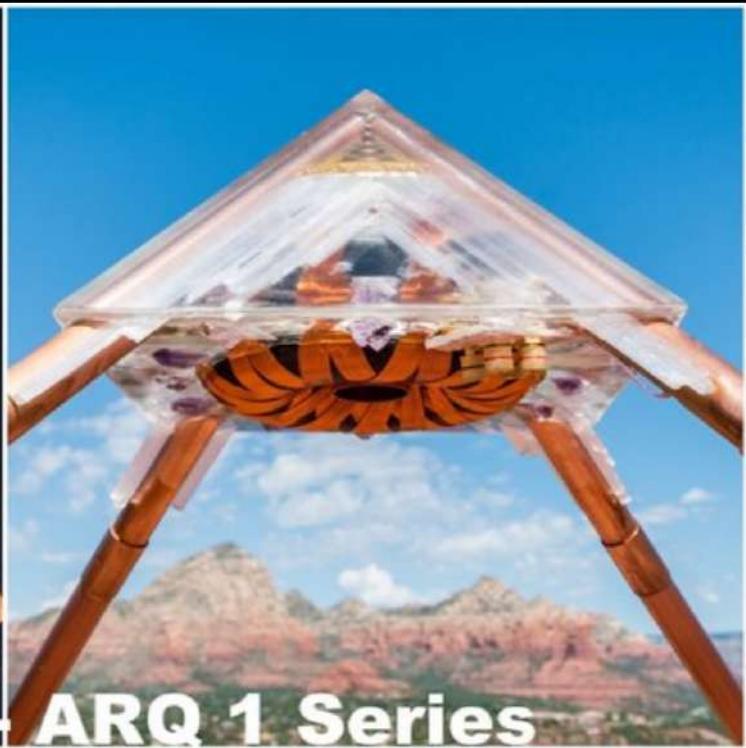
▶ ▶ 🔍 3:16 / 3:27

CC HD 🔍

Nassim Haramein: Defining Dimensions







The Healer - ARQ 1 Series



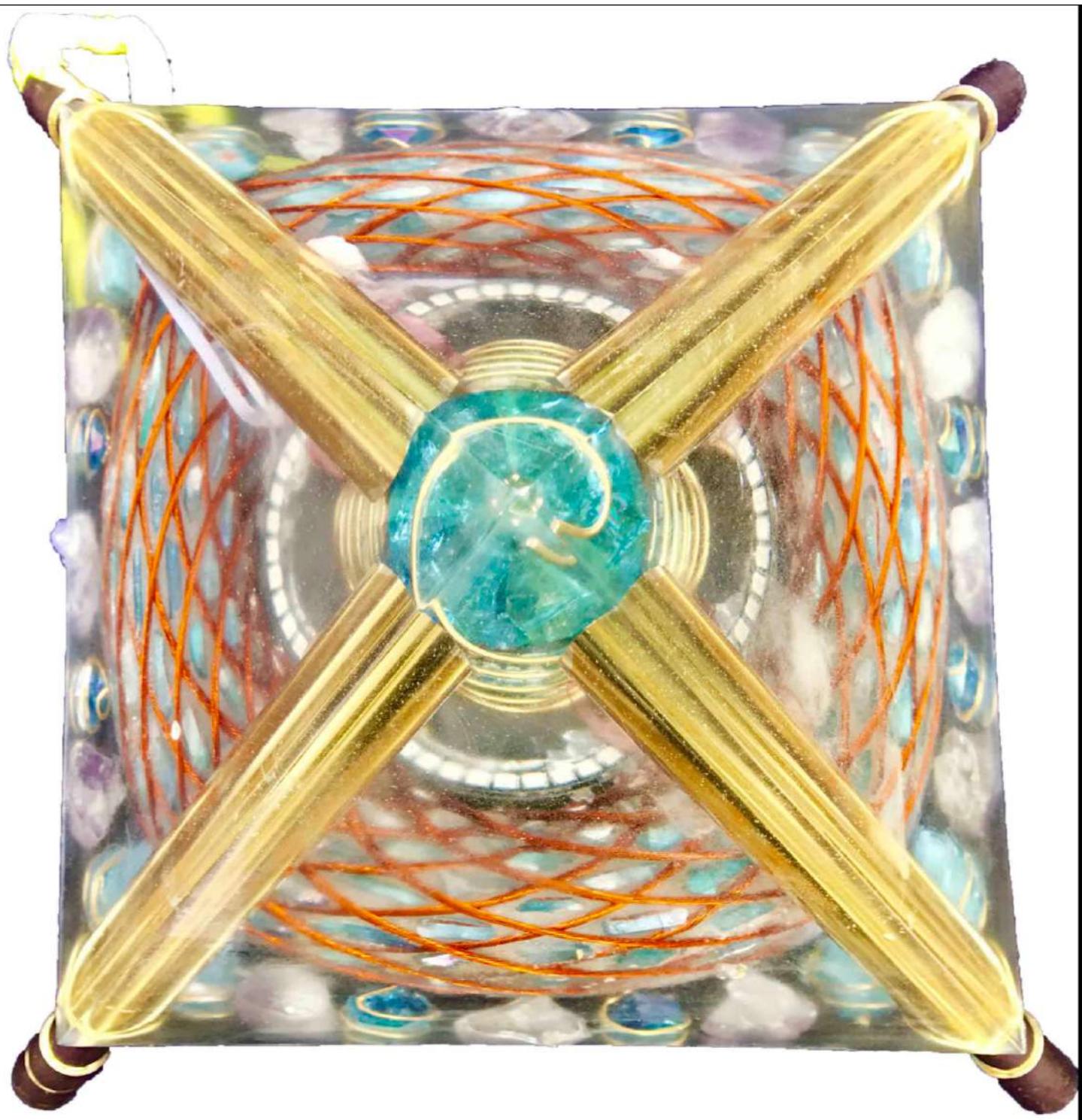


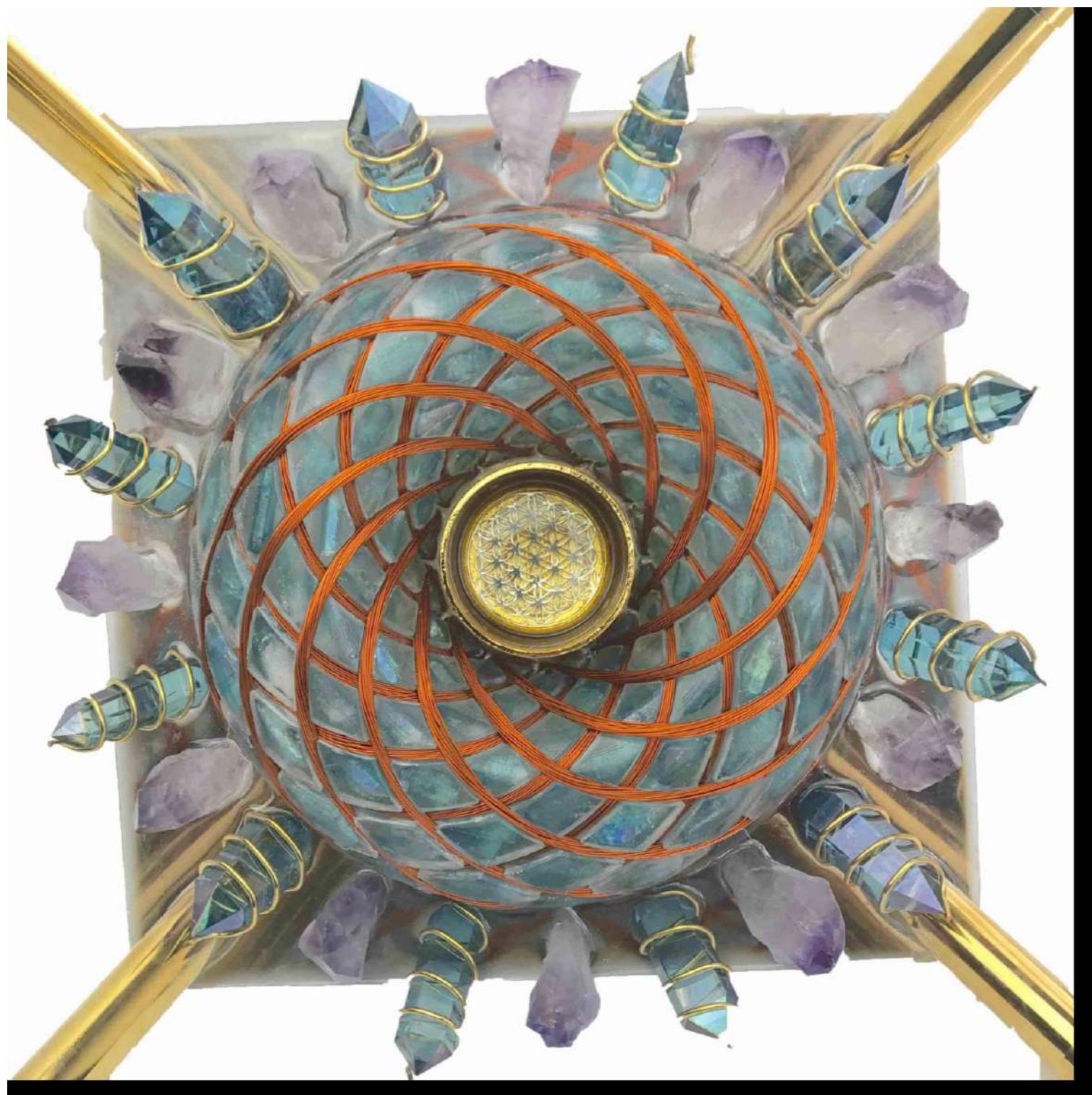
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PHOTOGRAPHY



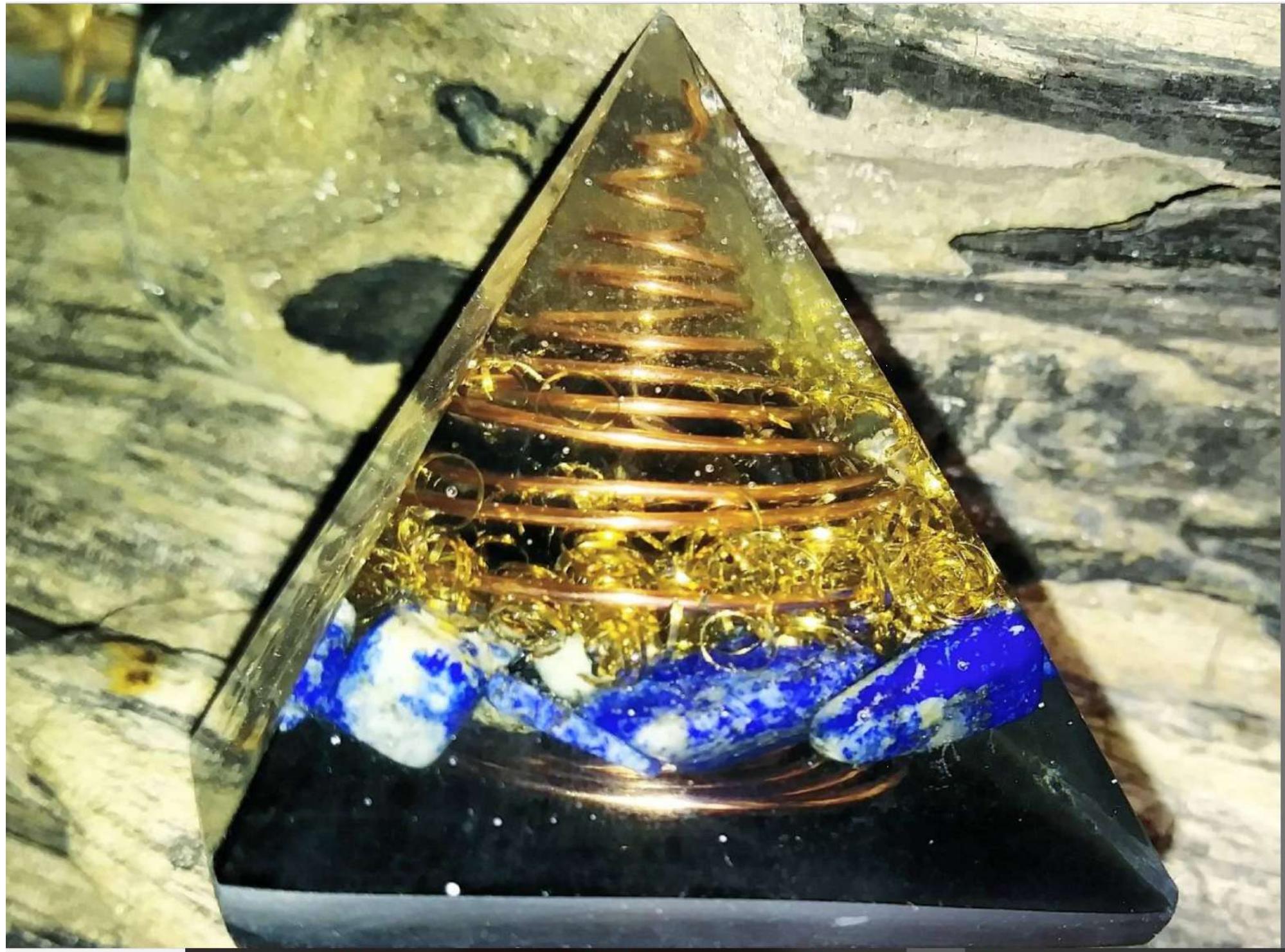
Accelerated Healer - ARQ 1 Series









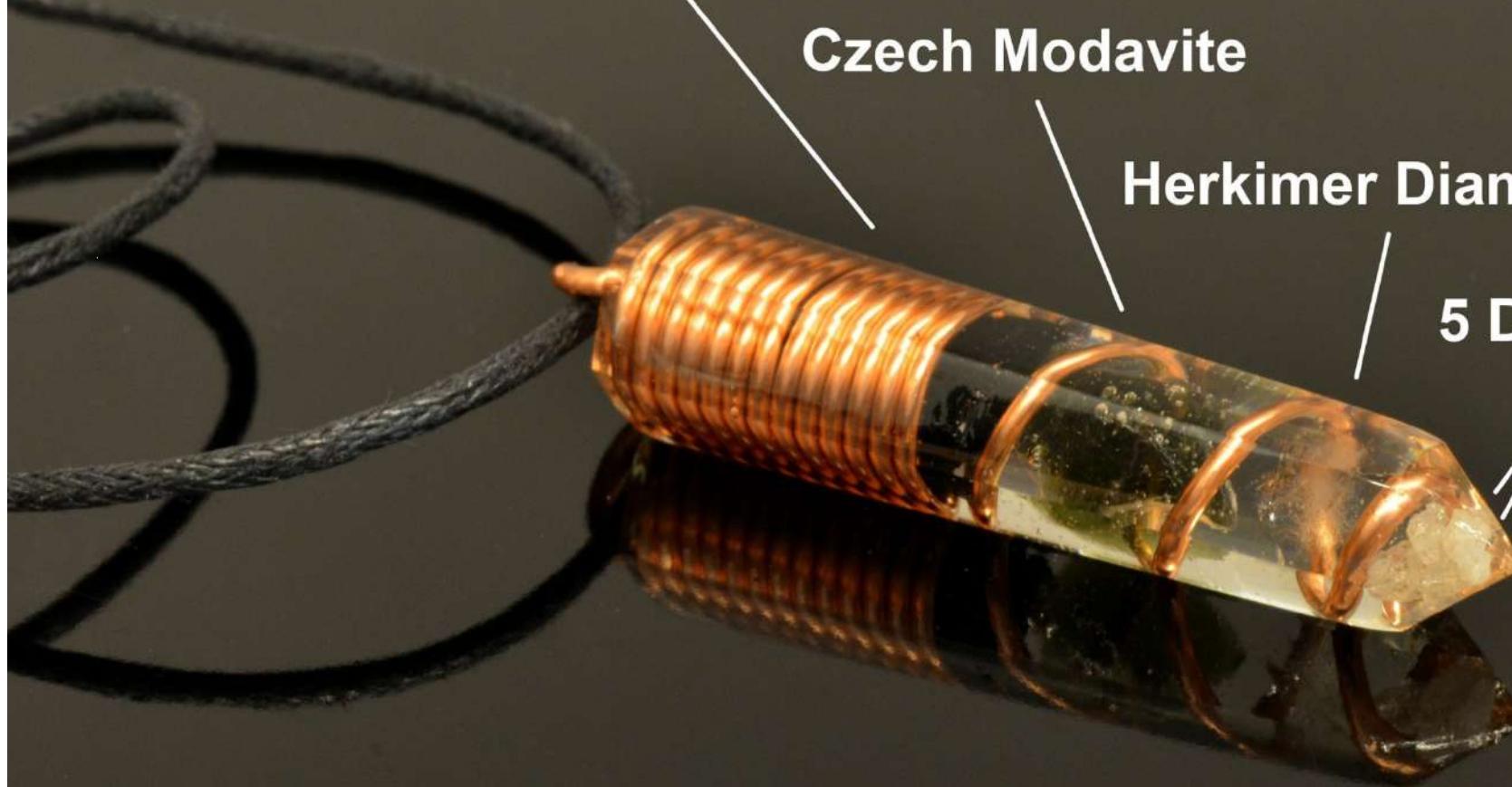


Black Tourmaline

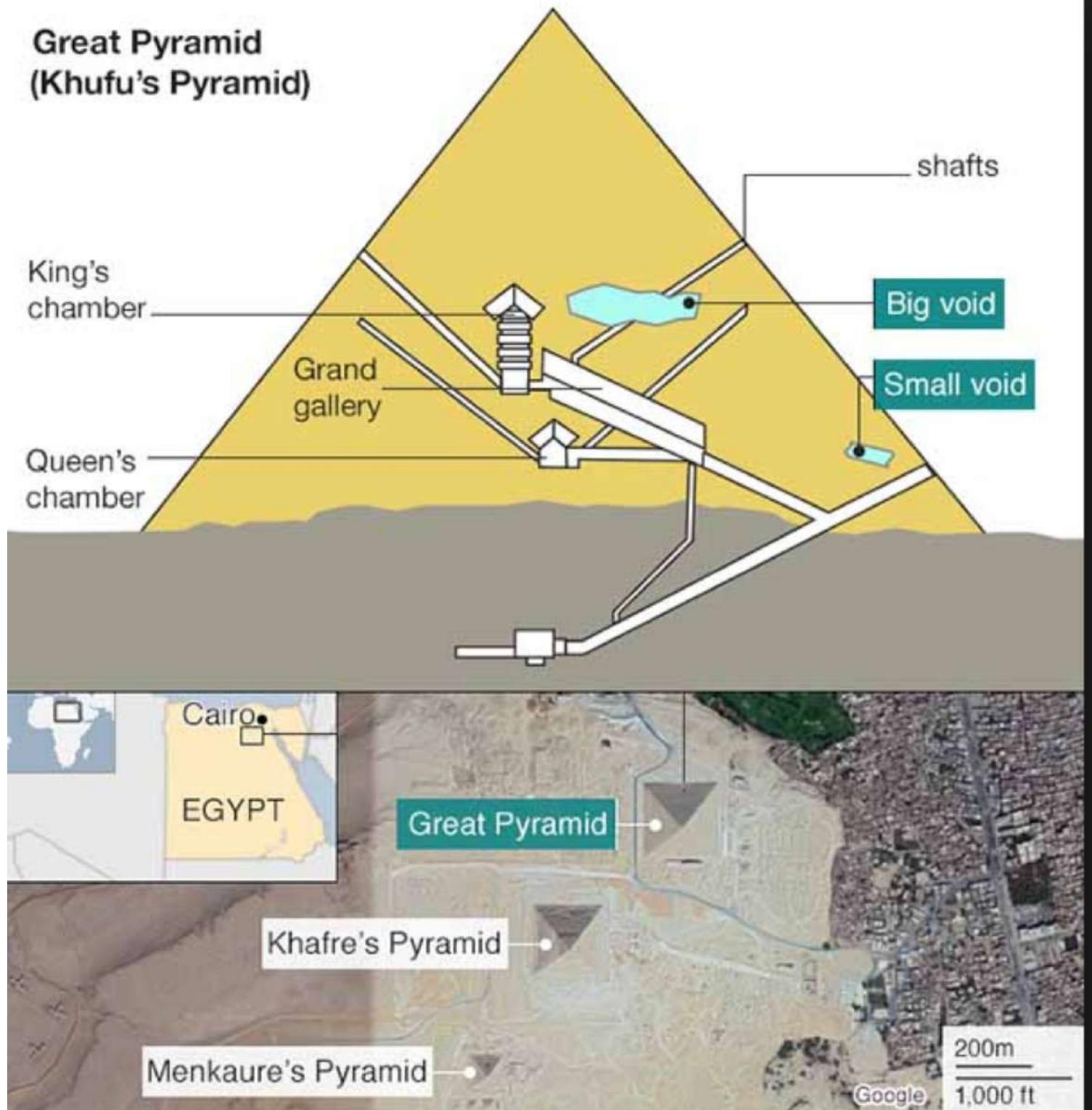
Czech Modavite

Herkimer Diamond

5 Diamonds

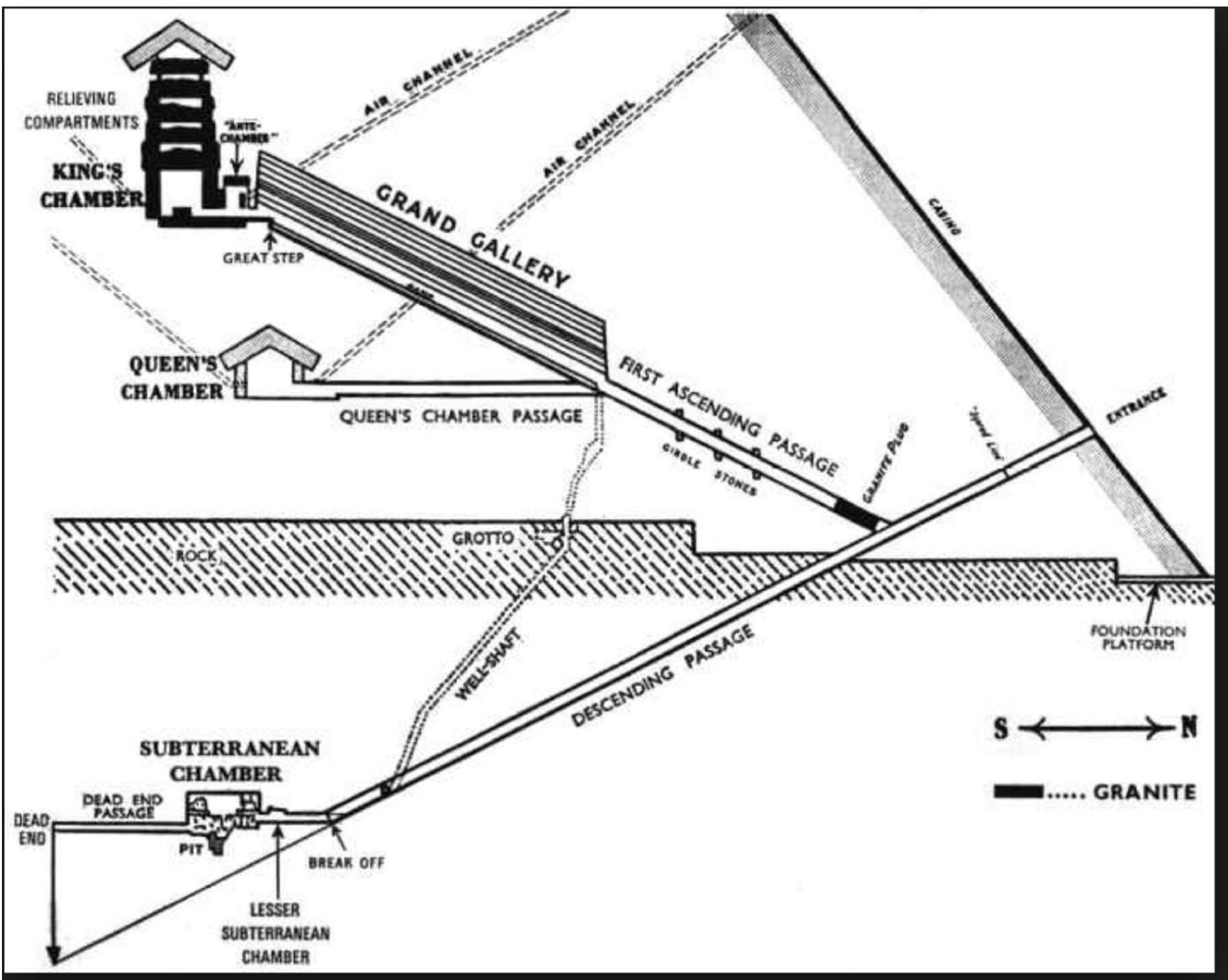


Great Pyramid (Khufu's Pyramid)



Source: ScanPyramids

BBC





YouTube

Douglas James Cottrell PhD: The Great Pyramid Queen's chamber mystery shaft

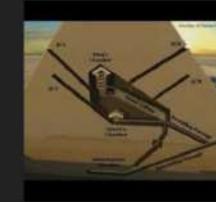
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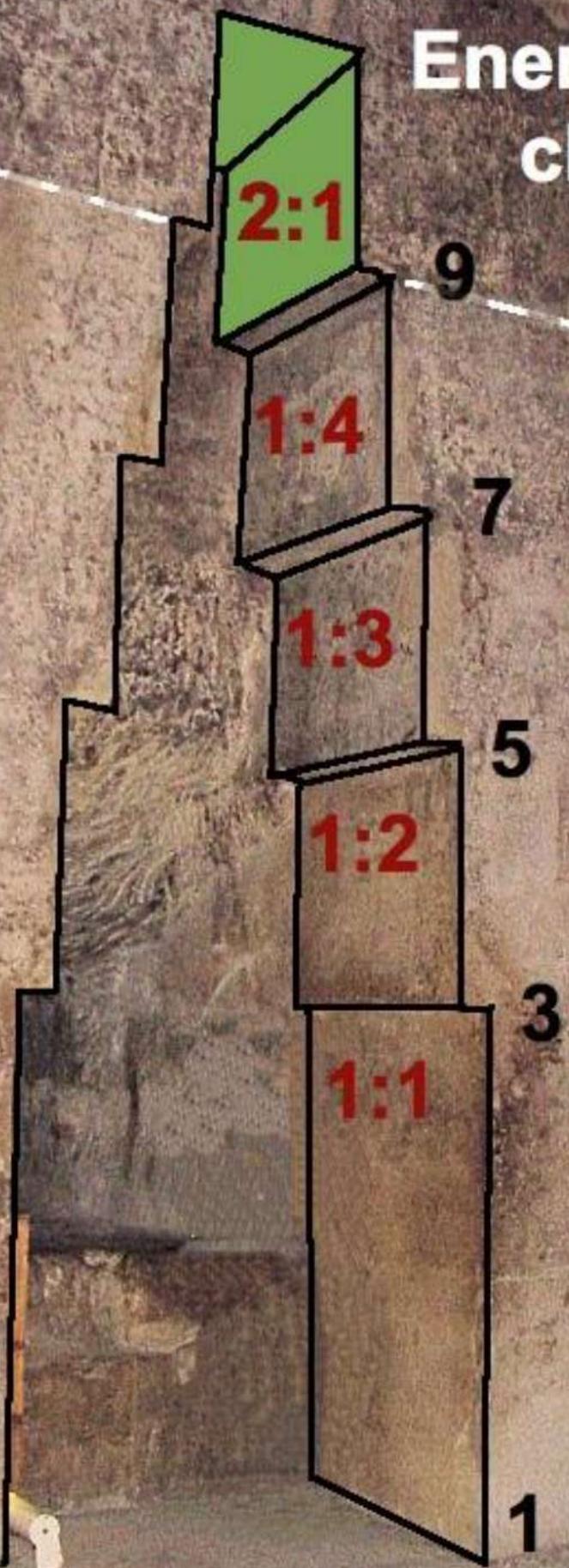
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Energy state change



The 'Kings chamber' in

Pinterest

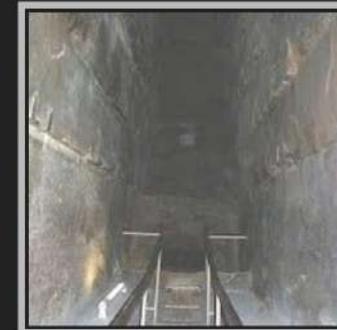
The 'Kings chamber' in the Great pyramid of Giza is a large chamber containing several granite stones estimated at 50 tons each. It is sealed by several stones over the entrance and ...

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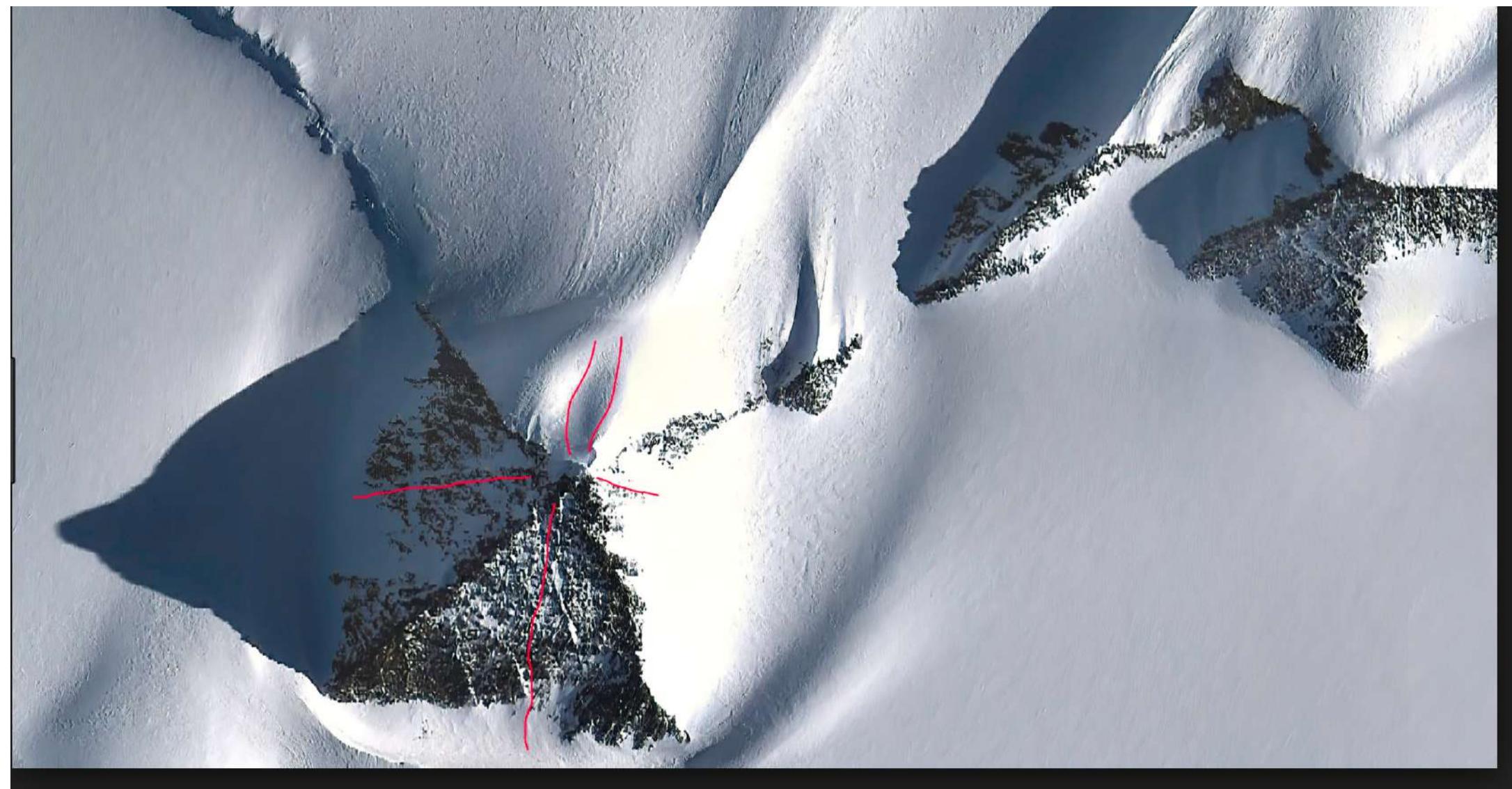
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The queen's ch

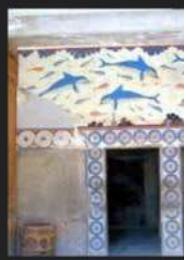
TripAdvisor

The Palace of Knossos: Th

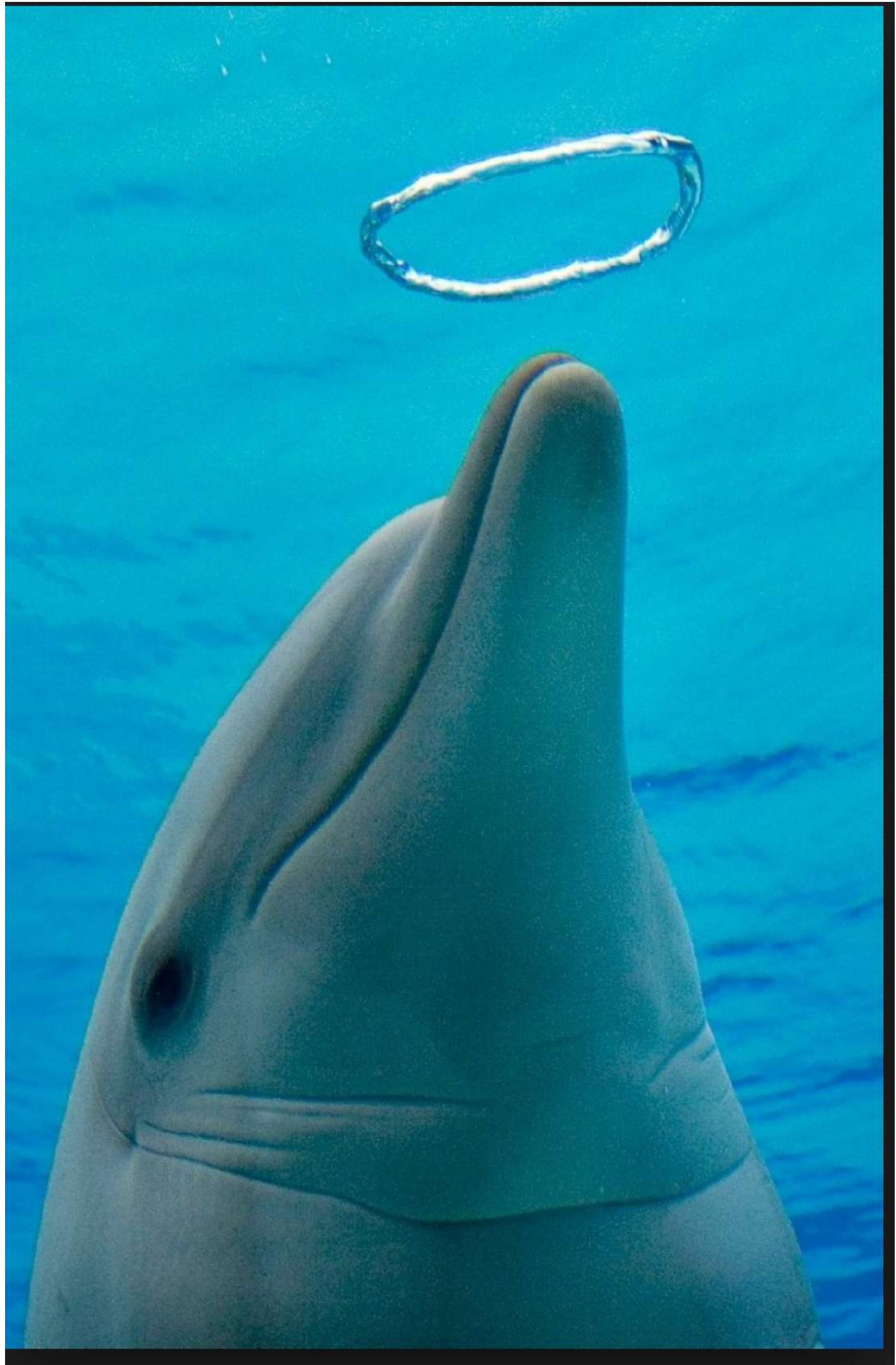
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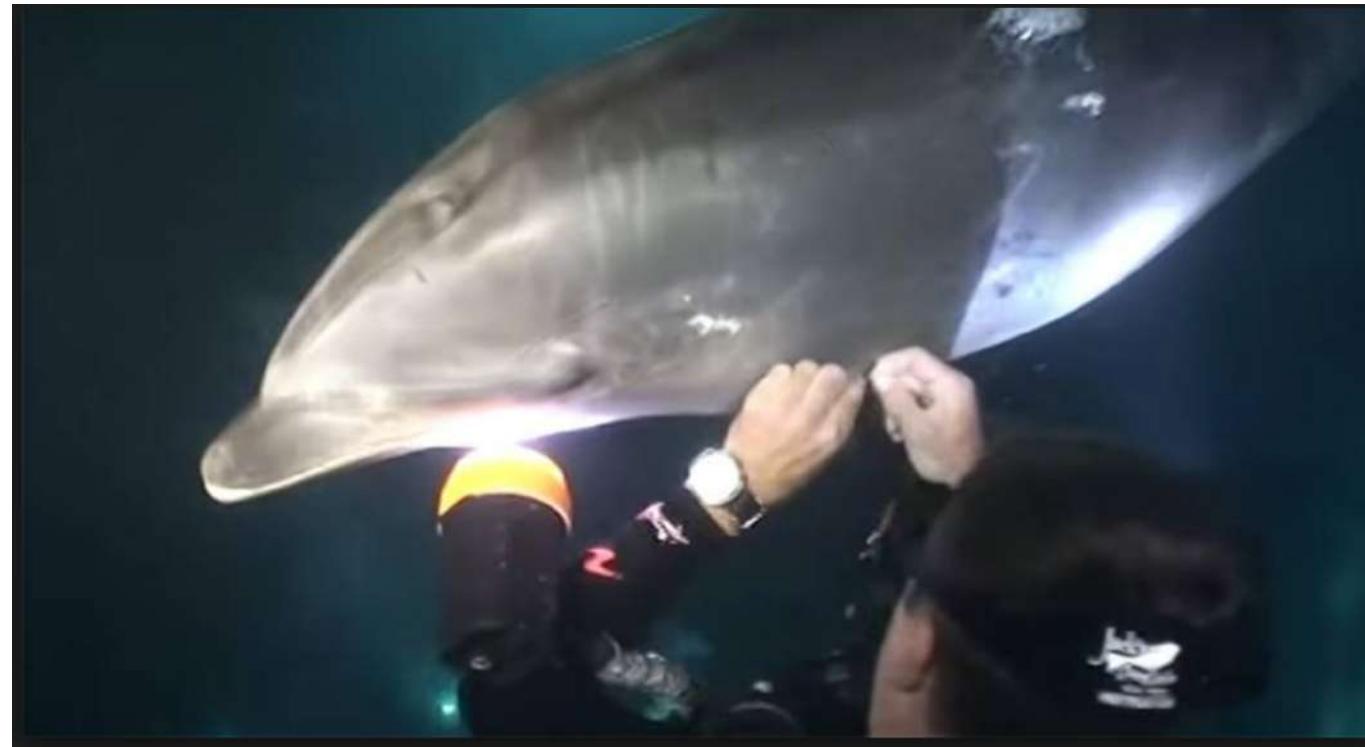
HONOLULU—In an announcement with grave implications for the primacy of the species of man, marine biologists at the Hawaii Oceanographic Institute reported Monday that dolphins, or family Delphinidae, have evolved opposable thumbs on their pectoral fins.



One of the evolved dolphins, whose opposable thumbs have struck fear in the hearts of humankind.

"I believe I speak for the entire human race when I say, 'Holy fuck,'" said Oceanographic Institute director Dr. James Aoki, noting that the dolphin has a cranial capacity 40 percent greater than that of humans. "That's it for us monkeys."

Aoki strongly urged humans, especially those living near the sea, to learn to communicate using a system of clicks



Dolphin Asks For Help From Diver to Remov...

wideopenspaces.com

A dolphin seeks help from a diver

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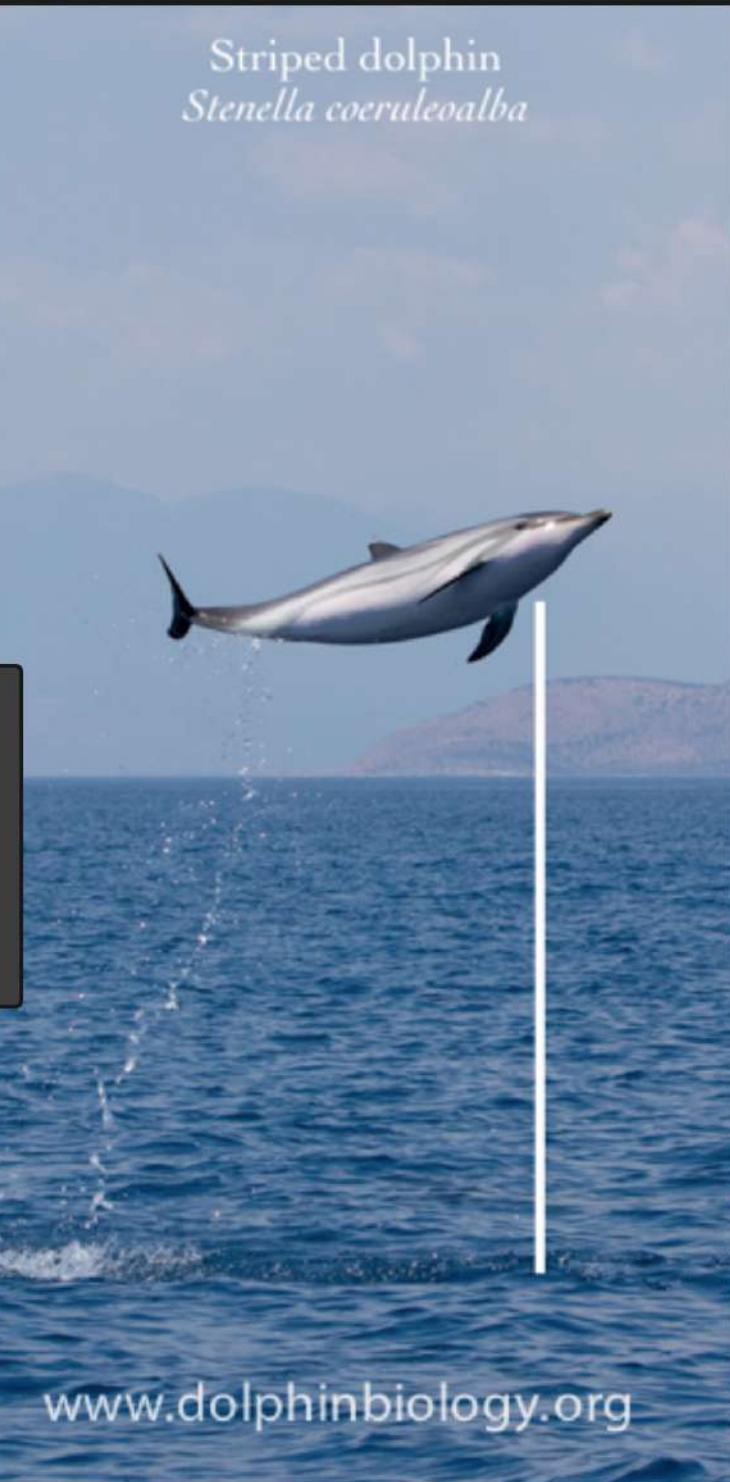
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Striped dolphin
Stenella coeruleoalba



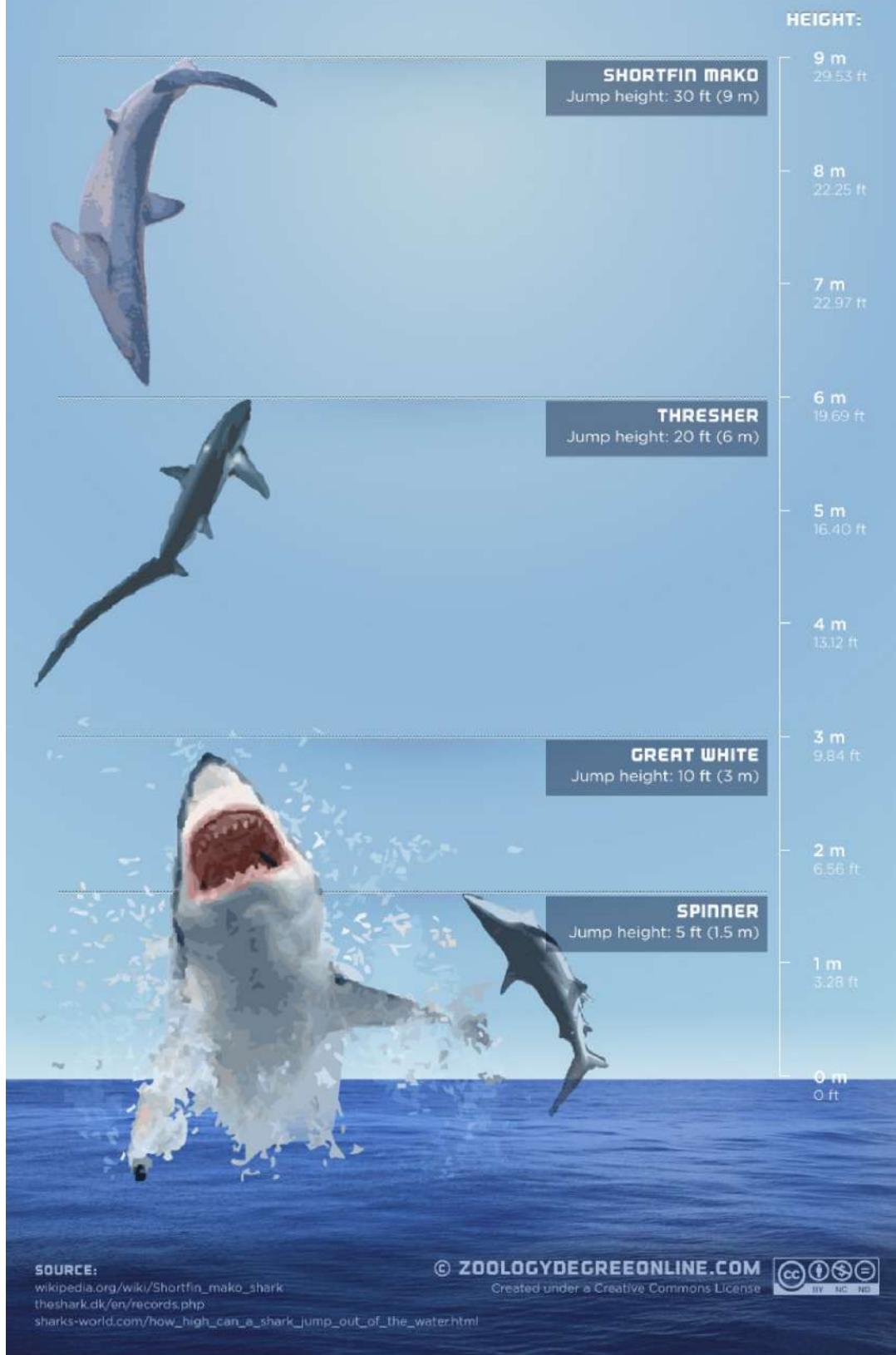
Common bottlenose dolphin
Tursiops truncatus



FLYING SHARKS

THE HIGHEST LEAPING SHARKS

Most sharks cannot accelerate quickly because of the shape of their tails, which are meant to push them toward the ocean floor as they scavenge, but a few sharks have enough power and speed to launch themselves out of the water. Check out these high jumpers:





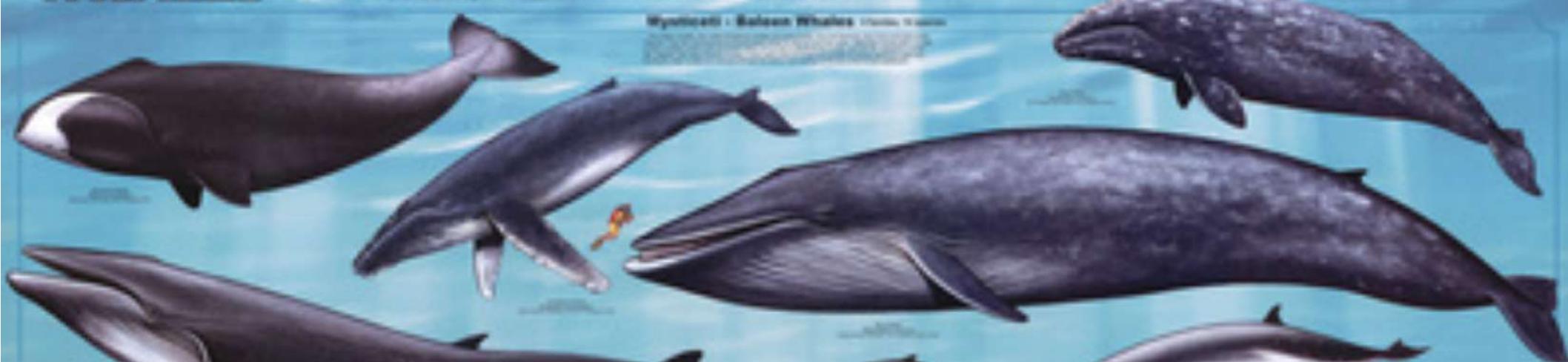
SHARKS

REQUINS - SQUALI - TIBURONES - HAIE

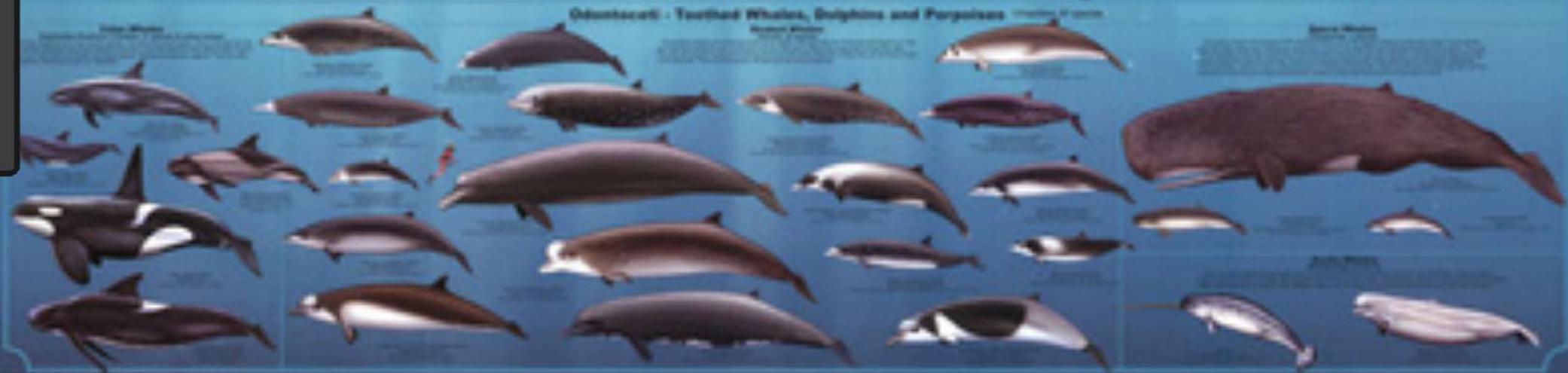


WHALES

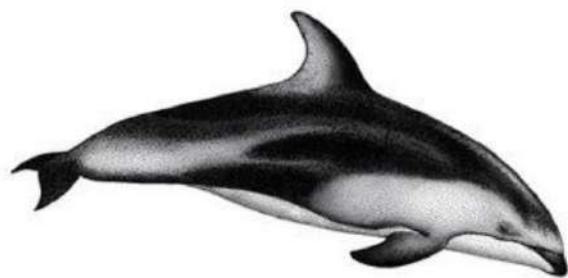
Myomastids - Baleen Whales (Mysticetes)



Odontoceti - Toothed Whales, Dolphins and Porpoises



DOLPHINS OF THE WORLD

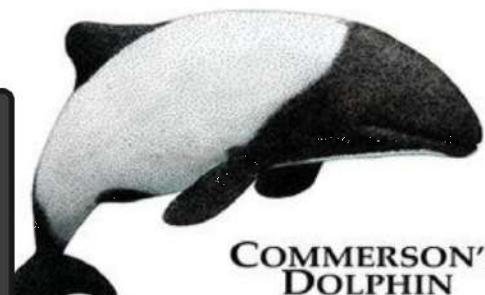
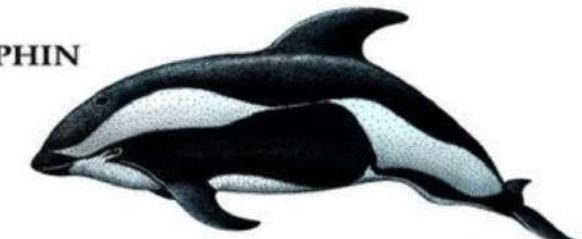


PACIFIC WHITE-SIDED DOLPHIN

Lagenorhynchus obliquidens

OURGLASS DOLPHIN

Lagenorynchus cruciger



COMMERSON'S DOLPHIN

Cephalorhynchus commersonii

SHORT-BEAKED COMMON DOLPHIN

Delphinus delphis

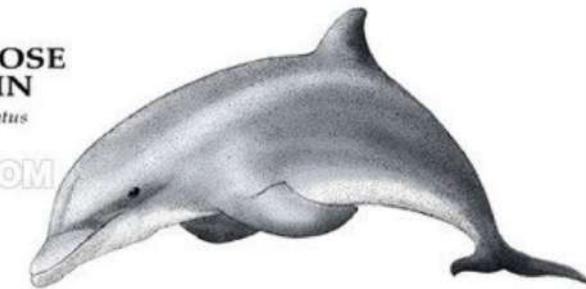


SPINNER DOLPHIN

Stenella longirostris

BOTTLENOSE DOLPHIN

Tursiops truncatus

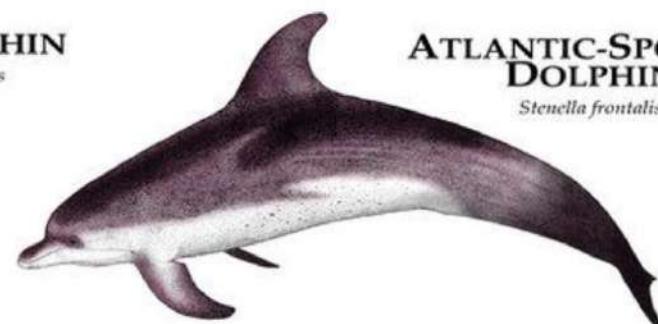


AMAZON RIVER DOLPHIN

Inia geoffrensis

DUSKY DOLPHIN

Micrurus lemniscatus



ATLANTIC-SPOTTED DOLPHIN

Stenella frontalis



Type A



Type C



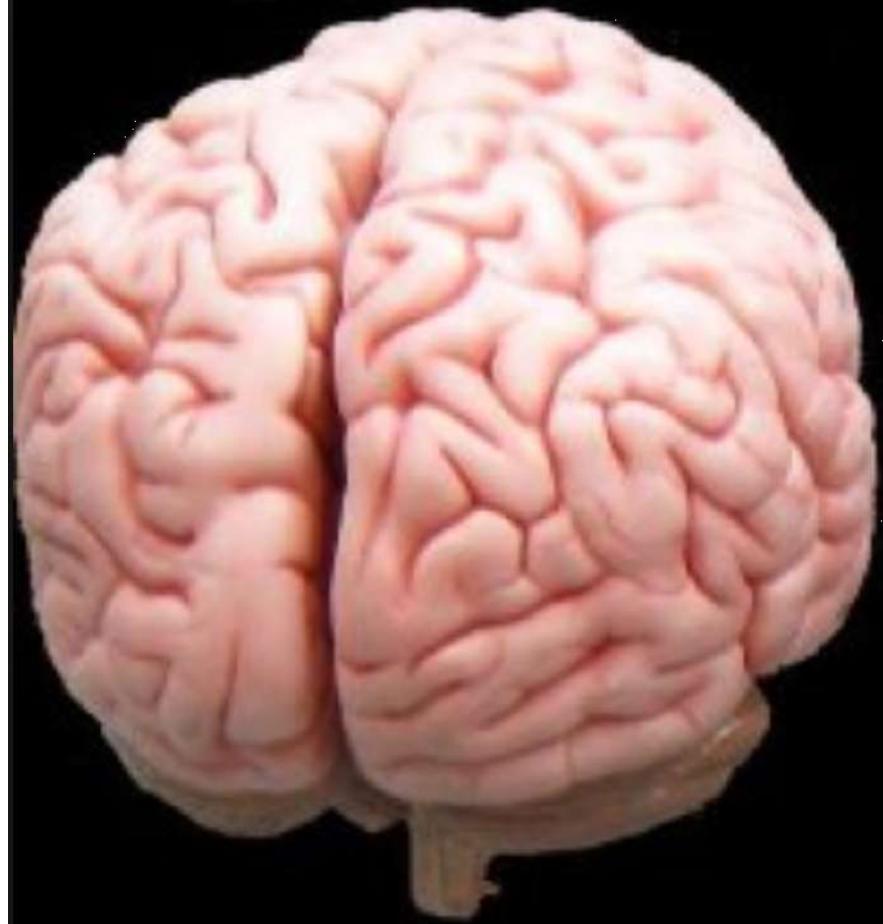
Type B



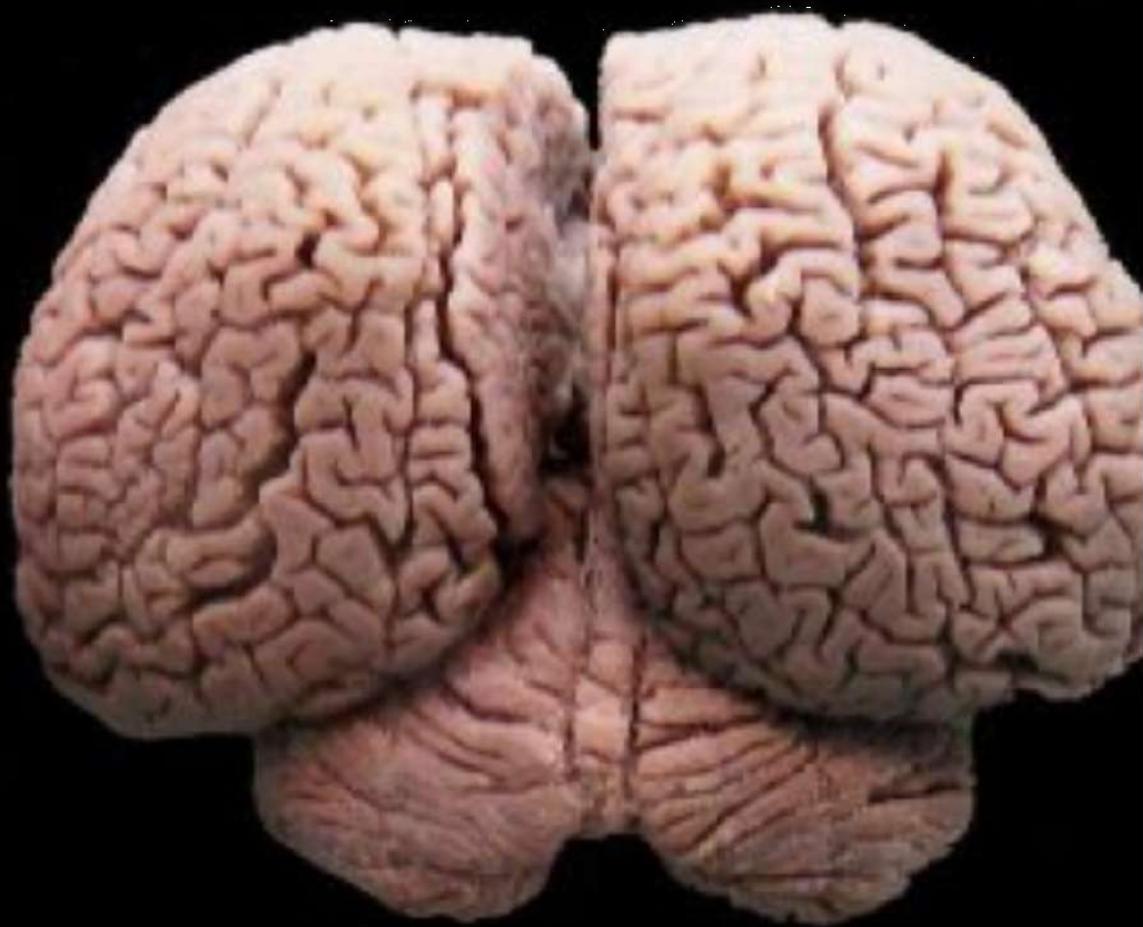
Type D



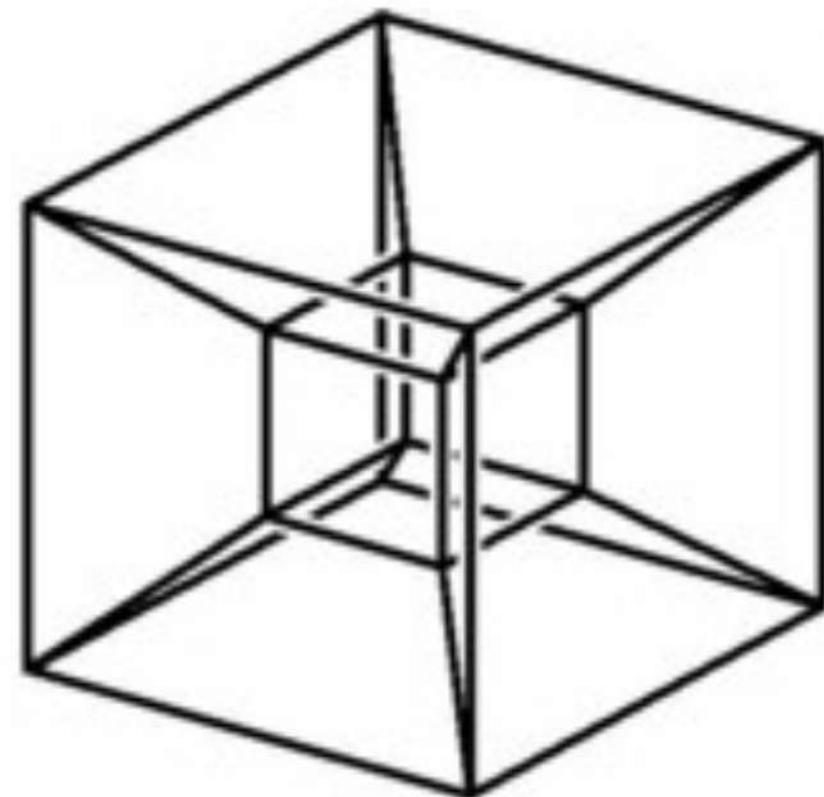
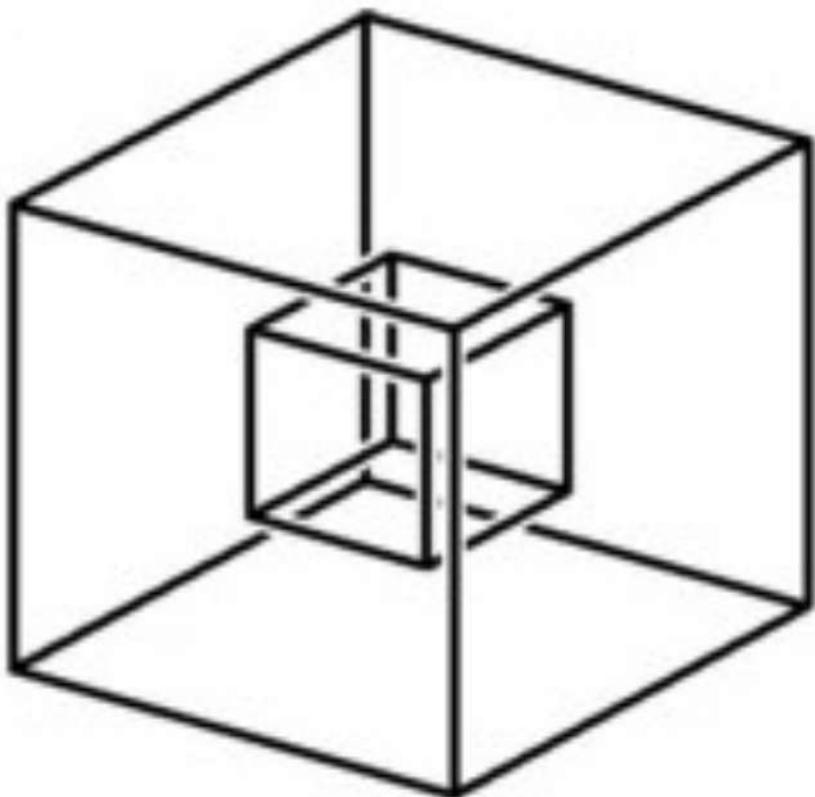
J.-P. Sylvestre/ORCA

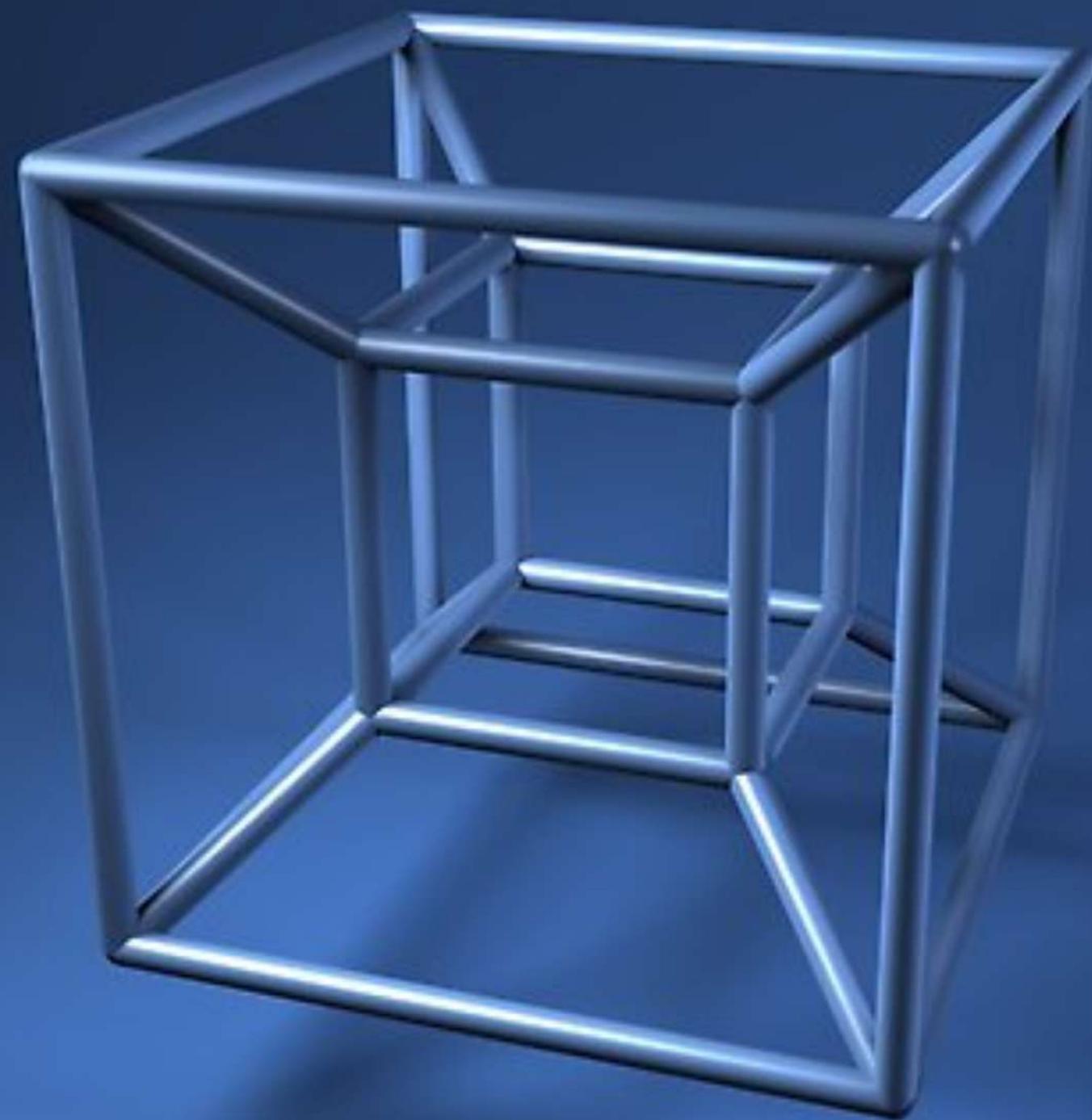


Human Brain



Dolphin Brain







To break the

SOUND BARRIER

an object must travel faster than the speed of sound, which is approximately

340m/s or 760mph.

